



Health care protection for persons granted the right to asylum or subsidiary protection, as well as for asylum seekers in Serbia

- A person who has been granted the right to asylum or subsidiary protection, as well as an asylum seeker, have the right to health care in accordance with the Law on Asylum and Temporary Protection and the regulations governing the health care of foreigners.
- In case of need for health care, a person who has been granted the right to asylum or subsidiary protection, as well as an asylum seeker, visit Primary Health Center in the municipality where they are privately accommodated. An adult visits a GP doctor, while a child up to 18 years of age visits a pediatrician.
- In case that further medical examination or treatment is needed, GP doctor or pediatrician issues a referral letter for the specialized examination in the respective health care institution.
- When visiting Primary Health Centre or other health care institution, it is mandatory to bring an ID card and a foreigner's registration number certificate, which prove the identity and status.
- Medical examinations are being scheduled, unless it is an emergency based on the estimation of the medical staff of the respective health care institution.
- It is necessary to follow the doctor's instructions.
- In case when medical doctors prescribe necessary medications, there is a possibility of providing them through the Ministry of Health within the Project "The Individual Measure".